

What is claimed is:

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a gene product that, when knocked out, results in a high growth (hg) phenotype.
- 5 2. The nucleic acid of clam 1, wherein said nucleic acid comprises the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9.
 - The nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid is present in a vector.
 - 4. The nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid is a DNA.
- The nucleic acid of claim 1, comprising the nucleic acid or the complement of the nucleic acid of SEQ ID NO: 9.
 - 6. A cell transfected with a nucleic acid molecule encoding a gene product that, when knocked out, results in a high growth (hg) phenotype.
 - 7. The cell of claim 4, wherein said cell is a mammalian cell.
- 8. A method of producing an animal characterized by a high growth phenotype, said method comprising inhibiting expression of a Socs2 gene.
 - 9. The method of claim 8, wherein said inhibiting is by disrupting said gene by homologous recombination with a nucleic acid that undergoes homologous recombination with a Socs2 gene and introduces a disruption in said Socs2 gene.
- 20 The method of claim 9, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a selectable marker.
 - 11. The method of claim 10, wherein said selectable marker is as *neo* or a *hyg* gene or cDNA.



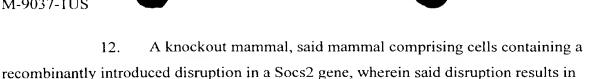
wild-type mammal.

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13. The knockout mammal of claim 12, wherein said mammal displays 5 a high growth (hg) phenotype.

said knockout mammal exhibiting decreased levels of SOCS2 protein as compared to a

- 14. The knockout mammal of claim 12, wherein said mammal is selected from the group consisting of an equine, a bovine, a rodent, a porcine, a lagomorph, a feline, a canine, a murine, a caprine, an ovine, and a non-human primate.
- 15. The knockout mammal of claim 12, wherein, wherein the disruption 10 is selected from the group consisting of an insertion, a deletion, a frameshift mutation, a substitution, and a stop codon.
 - 16. The knockout mammal of claim 15, wherein, wherein said disruption comprises an insertion of an expression cassette into the endogenous Socs2 gene.
 - 17. The knockout mammal of claim 16, wherein, wherein said disruption comprises an expression cassette comprising a selectable marker.
 - The knockout mammal of claim 16, wherein the expression cassette 18. comprises a neomycin phosphotransferase gene operably linked to at least one regulatory element.
 - 19. The knockout mammal of claim 12, wherein said disruption is in a somatic cell.
 - 20. The knockout mammal of claim 12, wherein said disruption is in a germ cell.
- 25 21. The knockout mammal of claim 12, wherein the mammal is homozygous for the disrupted Socs2 gene.



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- 22. The knockout mammal of claim 12, wherein the mammal is heterozygous for the disrupted *Socs2* gene.
- 23. The knockout mammal of claim 12, wherein said mammal further comprises a second recombinantly disrupted gene.
- 5 24. The knockout mammal of claim 23, wherein said second gene comprises a disruption that prevents the expression of a functional polypeptide from said disrupted second gene.
 - 25. The knockout mammal of claim 23, wherein the mammal is homozygous for said disrupted second gene.
- 10 26. The knockout mammal of claim 23, wherein the mammal is heterozygous for said disrupted second gene.
 - 27. A knockout rodent comprising a recombinantly introduced disruption in an endogenous SOCS2 gene (*Socs2*) wherein said disruption results in said knockout rodent exhibiting decreased levels of SOCS2 protein as compared to a wild-type rodent.
 - 28. The knockout rodent of claim 27, wherein said mammal displays a high growth (hg) phenotype.
 - 29. The knockout rodent of claim 27, wherein, wherein the disruption is selected from the group consisting of an insertion, a deletion, a frameshift mutation, a substitution, and a stop codon.
 - 30. The knockout rodent of claim 27, wherein, wherein said disruption comprises an insertion of an expression cassette into the endogenous *Socs2* gene.
 - 31. The knockout mammal of claim 30, wherein, wherein said disruption comprises an expression cassette comprising a selectable marker.

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- 32. The knockout mammal of claim 30, wherein the expression cassette comprises a neomycin phosphotransferase gene operably linked to at least one regulatory element.
- The knockout rodent of claim 27, wherein said disruption is in asomatic cell.
 - 34. The knockout rodent of claim 27, wherein said disruption is in a germ cell.
 - 35. The knockout rodent of claim 27, wherein the rodent is homozygous for the disrupted *Socs2* gene.
- 10 36. The knockout rodent of claim 27, wherein the rodent is heterozygous for the disrupted *Socs2* gene.
 - 37. A method of screening for an agent that modulates expression of a high growth (hg) phenotype, said method comprising:

contacting a cell comprising a Socs2 gene with a test agent; and detecting a change in the expression or activity of a Socs2 gene product as compared to the expression or activity of a Socs2 gene product in a cell that is contacted with the test agent at a lower concentration, where a difference in the expression or activity of Socs2 in the contacted cell and the cell that is contacted with the lower concentration indicates that said agent modulates expression of a high growth phenotype.

- 38. The method of claim 37, wherein said lower concentration is the absence of said test agent.
- 39. The method of claim 37, wherein the amount of *Socs2* gene product is detected by detecting *Socs2* mRNA in said sample.
- 40. The method of claim 39, wherein said level of *Socs2* mRNA is measured by hybridizing said mRNA to a probe that specifically hybridizes to a *Socs2* nucleic acid.

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- 41. The method of claim 40, wherein said hybridizing is according to a method selected from the group consisting of a Northern blot, a Southern blot using DNA derived from the *Socs2* RNA, an array hybridization, an affinity chromatography, and an in situ hybridization.
- 5 42. The method of claim 40, wherein said probe is a member of a plurality of probes that forms an array of probes.
 - 43. The method of claim 39, wherein the level of *Socs2* mRNA is measured using a nucleic acid amplification reaction.
- 44. The method of claim 37, wherein the amount of *Socs2* gene product is detected by detecting the level of a Socs2 protein in said biological sample.
 - 45. The method of claim 37, wherein said detecting is via a method selected from the group consisting of capillary electrophoresis, a Western blot, mass spectroscopy, ELISA, immunochromatography, and immunohistochemistry.
 - 46. The method of claim 37, wherein said cell is cultured ex vivo.
- 15 47. The method of claim 37, wherein said test agent is contacted to an animal comprising a cell containing the *Socs2* nucleic acid or the Socs2 protein.
 - 48. A method of prescreening for an agent that alters the expression of a high growth phenotype, said method comprising:
 - i) contacting a *Socs2* nucleic acid or a Socs2 protein with a test agent; and
 - ii) detecting specific binding of said test agent to said Socs2 protein or nucleic acid.
 - 49. The method of claim 48, further comprising recording test agents that specifically bind to said *Socs2* nucleic acid or protein in a database of candidate agents that alter *hg* phenotype development.
 - 50. The method of claim 48, wherein said test agent is not an antibody.



- 51. The method of claim 48, wherein said test agent is not a protein.
- 52. The method of claim 48, wherein said test agent is not a nucleic acid.
- 53. The method of claim 48, wherein said test agent is a small organic molecule.
 - 54. The method of claim 48, wherein said detecting comprises detecting specific binding of said test agent to said *Socs2* nucleic acid.
 - 55. The method of claim 54, wherein said binding is detected using a method selected from the group consisting of a Northern blot, a Southern blot using DNA derived from a *Socs2* RNA, an array hybridization, an affinity chromatography, and an in situ hybridization.
 - 56. The method of claim 48, wherein said detecting comprises detecting specific binding of said test agent to said Socs2 protein.
- 57. The method of claim 48, wherein said detecting is via a method selected from the group consisting of capillary electrophoresis, a Western blot, mass spectroscopy, ELISA, immunochromatography, and immunohistochemistry.
 - 58. The method of claim 48, wherein said test agent is contacted directly to the *Socs2* nucleic acid or to the Socs2 protein.
- The method of claim 48, wherein said test agent is contacted to a cell containing the *Socs2* nucleic acid or the Socs2 protein.
 - 60. The method of claim 59, wherein said cell is cultured ex vivo.
 - 61. The method of claim 48, wherein said test agent is contacted to an animal comprising a cell containing the *Socs2* nucleic acid or the Socs2 protein.
- 62. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleic acid selected from the group consisting of:



a nucleic acid that specifically hybridizes to a nucleic acid selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:2, and SEQ ID NO: 9 under stringent conditions; nucleic acid comprising a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:2, and SEQ ID NO: 9.

- 5 63. The nucleic acid of claim 62, wherein said nucleic acid is at least 15, nucleotides in length.
 - 64. A polypeptide comprising a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid of claim 62.
 - 65. An antibody that specifically binds a polypeptide of claim 64.
- 10 66. A nucleic acid for disrupting a SOCS2 gene (*Socs2*), said nucleic acid comprising:

SOCS2 gene sequences that undergo homologous recombination with an endogenous SOCS2 gene: and

a nucleic acid sequence that, when introduced into a SOCS2 gene inhibits the expression of said SOCS2 gene.

- 67. The nucleic acid of claim 66, wherein said nucleic acid when introduced into a SOCS2 gene creates a disruption selected from the group consisting of an insertion, a deletion, a frameshift mutation, and a stop codon.
- 68. The nucleic acid of claim 66, wherein the disruption comprises the insertion of an expression cassette into the endogenous SOCS2 gene.
 - 69. The nucleic acid of claim 66, wherein the expression cassette comprises a selectable marker.
 - 70. The nucleic acid of claim 66, wherein said nucleic acid comprises *Socs2* nucleic acid sequences flanking a nucleic acid encoding a *Socs2* disruption.
- The nucleic acid of claim 66, wherein said nucleic acid is present in a vector.





- 72. An animal cell comprising a recombinantly introduced disruption in an endogenous SOCS2 gene (*Socs2*) wherein said disruption results in said cell exhibiting decreased levels of SOCS2 protein as compared to a wild-type cell.
- 73. The cell of claim 72, wherein said cell of a animal is selected from the group consisting of a chicken, a turkey, a duck, a goose, an equine, a bovine, a rodent, a porcine, a lagomorph, a feline, a canine, a murine, a caprine, an ovine, and a non-human primate.
 - 74. The cell of claim 72, wherein the cell is a rodent cell.
- 75. The cell of claim 72, wherein the disruption is selected from the group consisting of an insertion, a deletion, a frameshift mutation, and a stop codon.
 - 76. The cell of claim 72, wherein the disruption comprises an insertion of an expression cassette into the endogenous SOCS2 gene.